

Search for W' boson resonances
decaying to a top and a bottom quark
and
Probing anomalous Wtb Couplings

Frédérique Badaud

LPC Clermont-Fd

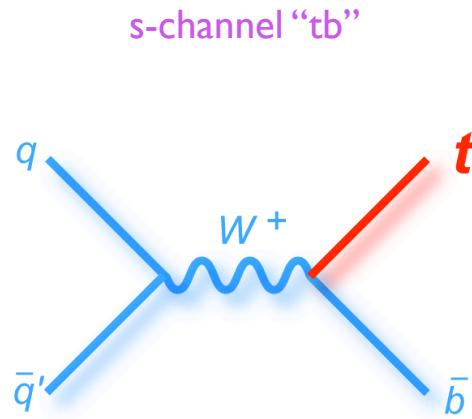
for the D0 collaboration

- Search for Single top
- W' boson resonances
- Anomalous Wtb couplings

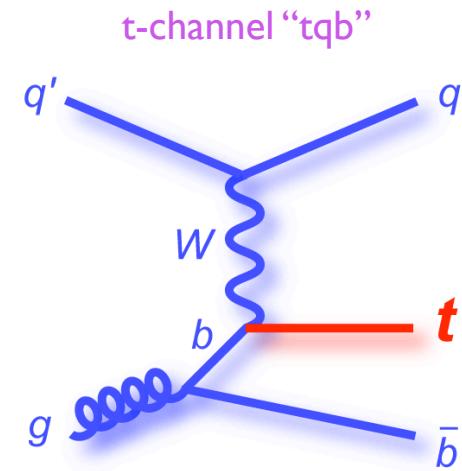


Single Top quark production

- First evidence presented in 2006
- Main production mechanism for (SM-like) top production:



$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = 0.9 \pm 0.1 \text{ pb}$$

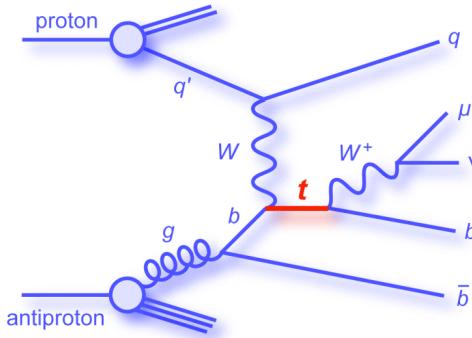
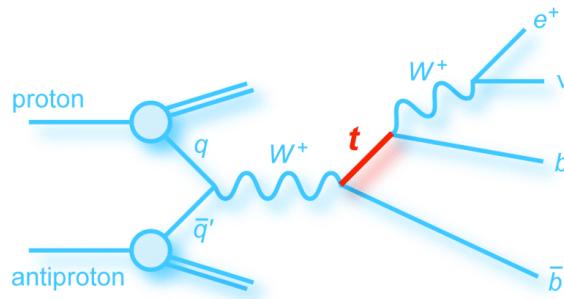


$$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} = 2.0 \pm 0.3 \text{ pb}$$

$$m(\text{top})=175 \text{ GeV}$$



Single Top quark : event selection



- 1 isolated electron or muon
 - electron $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta_{\text{det}}| < 1.1$
 - muon $p_T > 18 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta_{\text{det}}| < 2.0$
- missing transverse energy
 $\text{MET} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- backgrounds : $W + \text{jets}$, $t\bar{t}$, dibosons (from MonteCarlo)
 multijets (from data)
- multivariable analyses : multivariable techniques to discriminate signal from background. the variables describe individual object kinematics, global event kinematics and angular correlations.



Cross section measured from 0.9 fb^{-1} dataset

$$\sigma(\bar{p} p \rightarrow tb + X, tbq + X) = 4.7 \pm 1.3 \text{ pb}$$



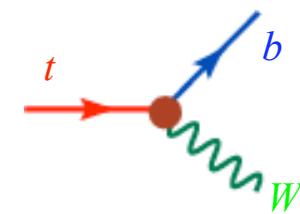
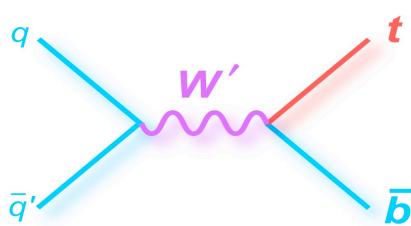
Search for New Physics



- New massive particles : charged gauge bosons are predicted in many extensions to the SM.



- Anomalous couplings : changes to the cross-sections changes to the angular distributions of existing SM processes.



Heavy W' resonances



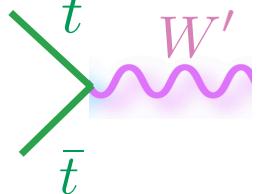
Heavy W' resonances

- effective \mathcal{L} for W' interactions w/ SM fermions f_{ij} written in a model independent form:

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{V_{f_i f_j}}{2\sqrt{2}} g_w \bar{f}_i \gamma^\mu (a_{f_i f_j}^R (1 + \gamma^5) + a_{f_i f_j}^L (1 - \gamma^5)) W'_\mu f_j + h.c.$$

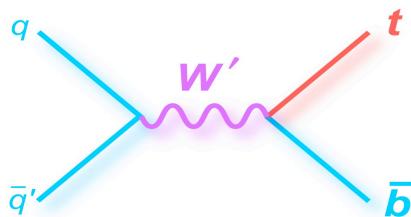
Right and left couplings of W' to quarks

	a_{ud}^L	a_{tb}^L	a_{ud}^R	a_{tb}^R
purely left handed W'_L	1	1	0	0
purely right handed W'_R	0	0	1	1



600 < mass W' < 900 GeV

•Production



•Decay

search for $W' \rightarrow 3\text{rd quark generation}$

- left-handed W'_L with SM couplings, interference with SM taken into account
- right-handed W'_R

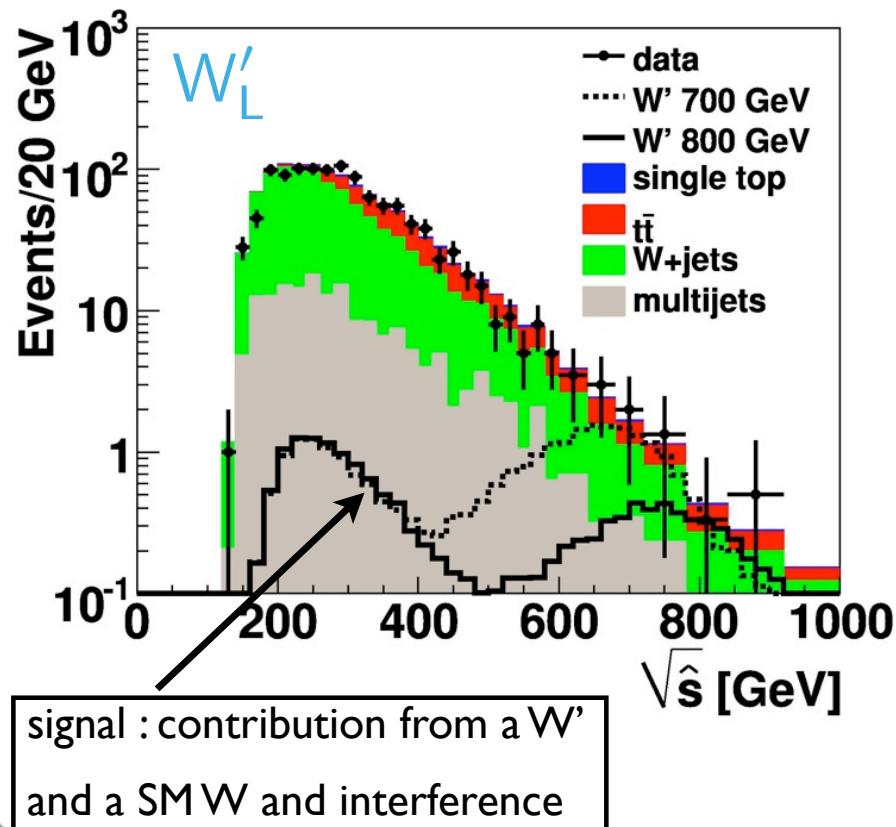
- if $m(W'_R) > m(\nu_R)$ decays to $\ell\nu$ and $\bar{q}q$
- if $m(W'_R) < m(\nu_R)$ only decays to $\bar{q}q$



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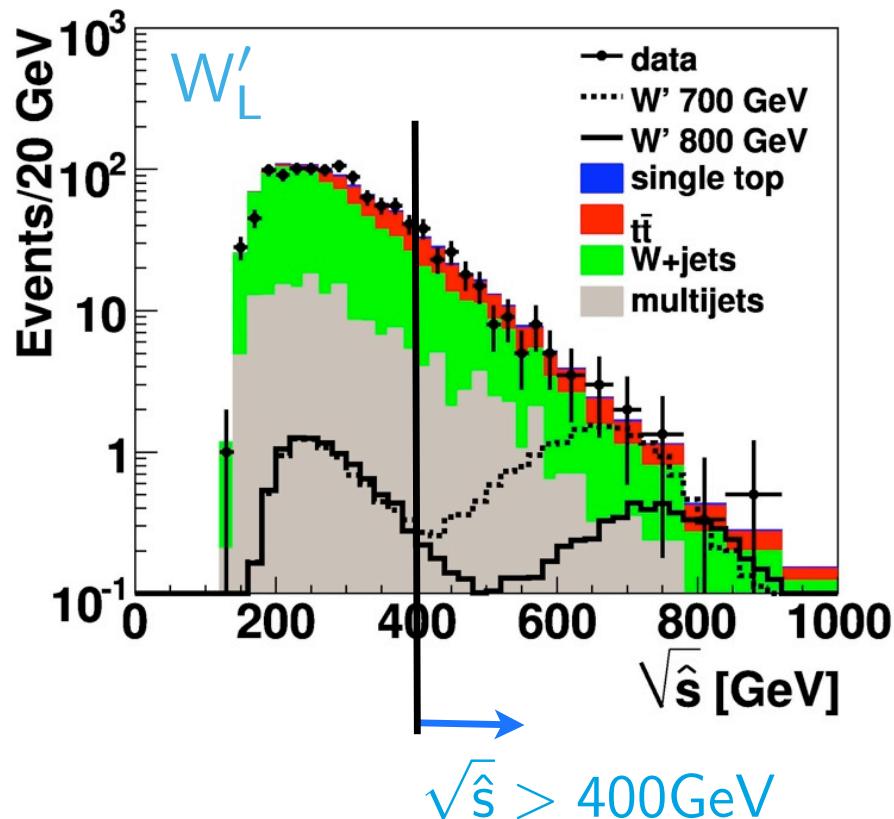
Left-handed W' : selection and event

- single top selection restricted to 2 or 3 jets, same dataset
- tb invariant mass : $\sqrt{\hat{s}}$ reconstructed with the invariant mass of the leading two jets, the charged lepton and the neutrino by adding their measured momentum 4-vector.



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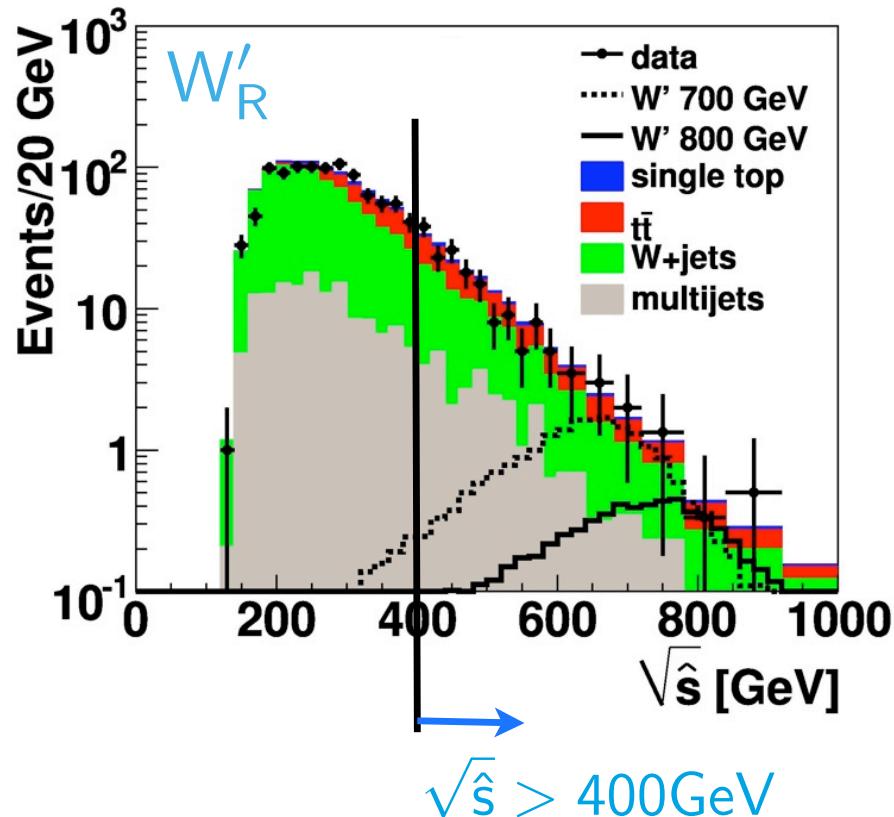


process	$\text{SM} + W'_L$
single top	6.4 ± 1.4
$t\bar{t}$	59.1 ± 14.4
$W + \text{jets}$	91.0 ± 18.8
multijets	29.7 ± 5.9
Total Bkg	186.1 ± 40.4
Data	182



Right-handed W' : selection and event

- single top selection restricted to 2 or 3 jets, same dataset
- tb invariant mass : $\sqrt{\hat{s}}$ reconstructed with the invariant mass of the leading two jets, the charged lepton and the neutrino by adding their measured momentum 4-vector.

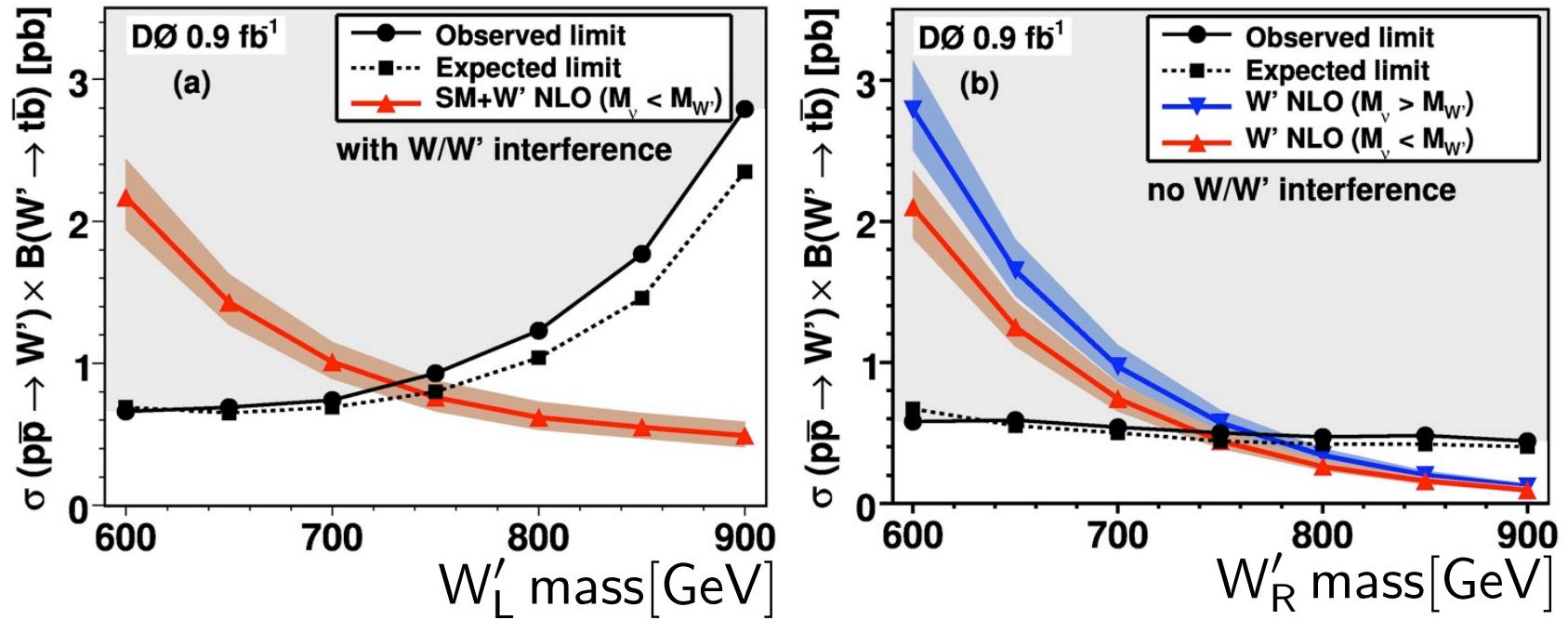


process	W'_R
single top	10.2 ± 2.2
$t\bar{t}$	59.1 ± 14.4
W + jets	91.0 ± 18.8
multijets	29.7 ± 5.9
Total Bkg	190.0 ± 41.2
Data	182



W' : results

- Limits are derived using a binned likelihood constructed from the \sqrt{s} spectrum > 400 GeV



$$m(W'_L) > 731 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m(W'_R) > 739 \text{ GeV} \text{ if } m(W'_R) > m(\nu_R)$$

$$m(W'_R) > 768 \text{ GeV} \text{ if } m(W'_R) < m(\nu_R) \quad \text{at 95 \% C.L.}$$



Anomalous Wtb couplings



II

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Anomalous Wtb couplings

- general CP-conserving Wtb vertex can be parametrized with the effective lagrangian :

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{g}{2\sqrt{2}} V_{tb} \bar{b} \{ \gamma^\mu (f_{L_V}(1 - \gamma^5) + f_{R_V}(1 + \gamma^5)) + \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{M_W} (f_{L_T}(1 - \gamma^5) + f_{R_T}(1 + \gamma^5)) \} t W_\mu + h.c.$$

The Feynman diagram shows a red arrow labeled 't' representing a top quark. It decays at a vertex into a blue arrow labeled 'b' representing a bottom quark and a green wavy line labeled 'W' representing a W boson. The W boson then decays at a vertex into a blue arrow labeled 'e' representing an electron and a green arrow labeled 'nu' representing a neutrino.

within SM $f_{L_V} = 1$ $V_{tb} \approx 1$ $f_{R_V} = 0$ $f_{L_T} = 0$ $f_{R_T} = 0$

- Assumption : Wtb vertex dominates top quark production and decay :

$$|V_{td}|^2 + |V_{ts}|^2 \ll |V_{tb}|^2$$

- Look at 2 couplings at the same time, assuming the other 2 are negligible.

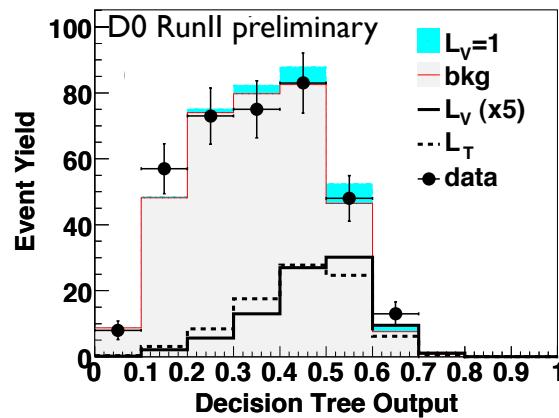
Consider single top production with the SM Left-handed Vector f_{L_V} coupling with added contribution from

- the Right-handed Vector f_{R_V} coupling, or
- the Left-handed Tensor f_{L_T} coupling, or
- the Right-handed Tensor f_{R_T} coupling

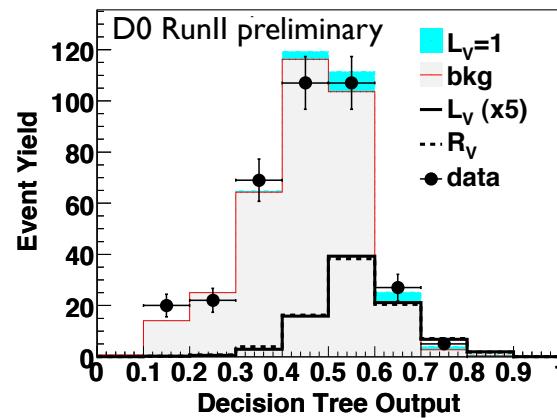


Wtb : multivariable analysis

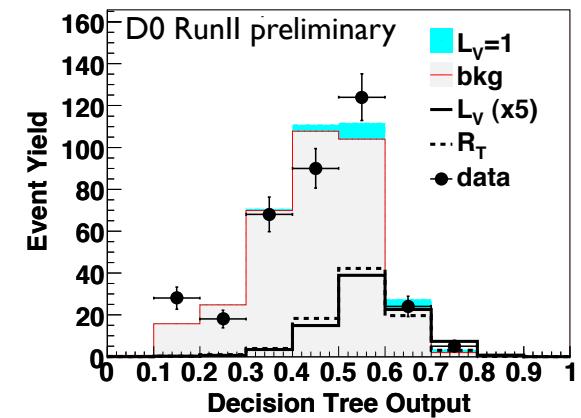
- Same selection as single top search, same dataset.
- For each coupling scenario (2 signal), train trees in 4 analysis channel defined by lepton flavor and b-tag multiplicity.



(f_{L_V}, f_{L_T})



(f_{L_V}, f_{R_V})



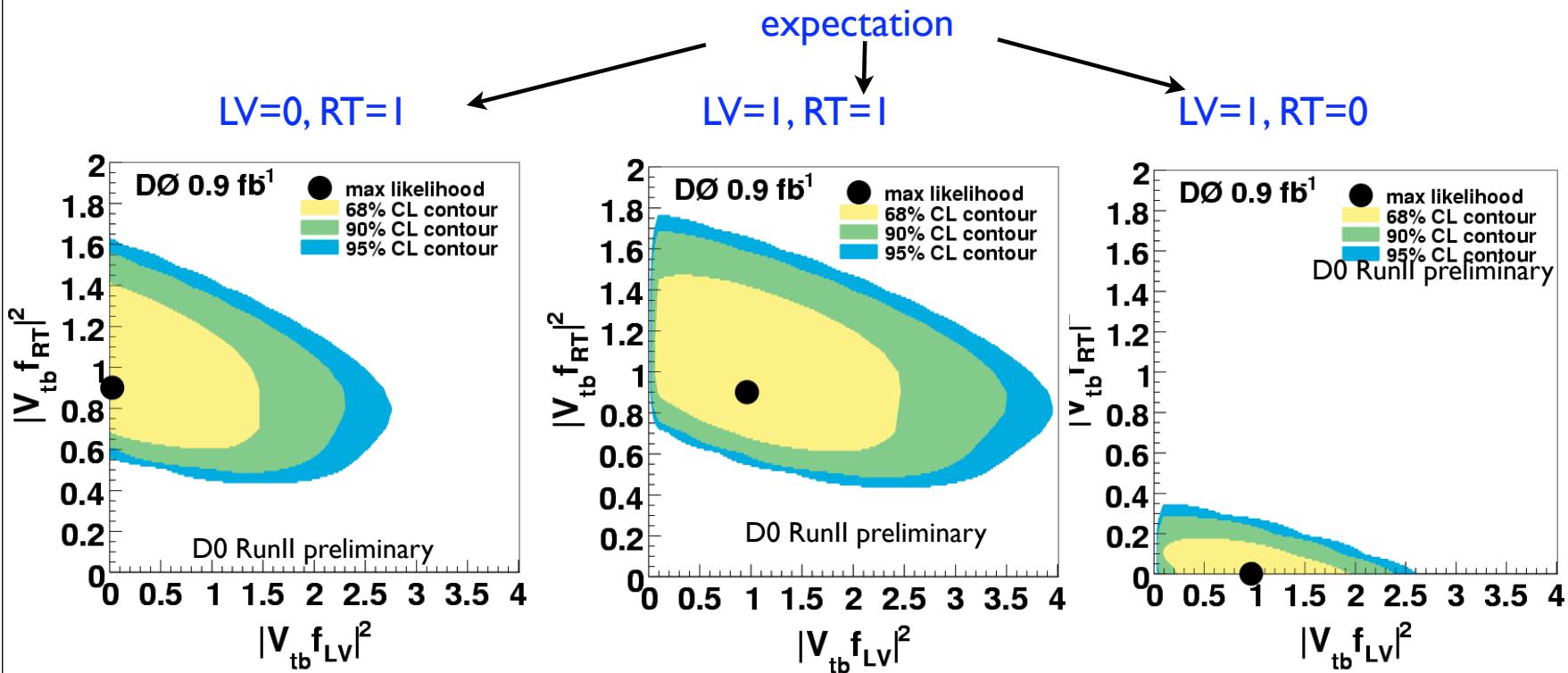
(f_{L_V}, f_{R_T})

- The cross-section and $|V_{tb} f_X|^2$ are extracted from the discriminant distributions



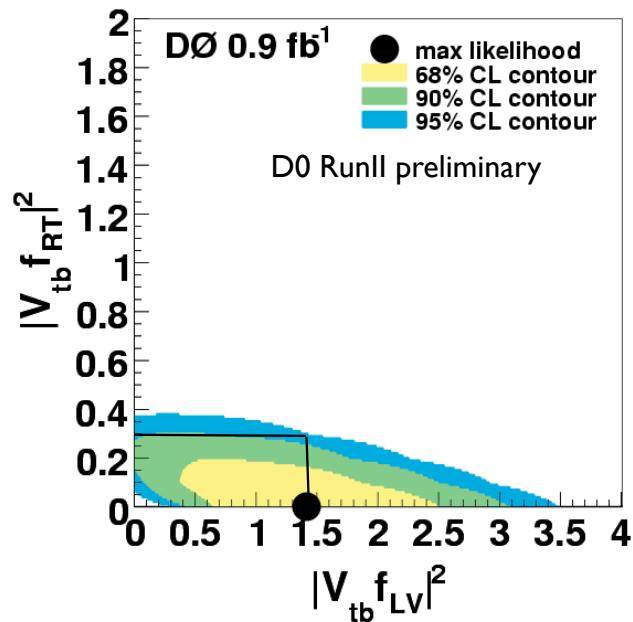
Wtb : results for (f_{LV}, f_{RT})

- A binned likelihood is computed.
- A two-dimensional posterior probability density is computed as a function of $|V_{tb} f_{LV}|^2$ and $|V_{tb} f_{RT}|^2$



Wtb : results for (f_{LV}, f_{RT})

measured from data



- The two-dimensional probability density is projected onto the axis
 - ◆ if the projection has a local maximum, the value is quoted as the coupling

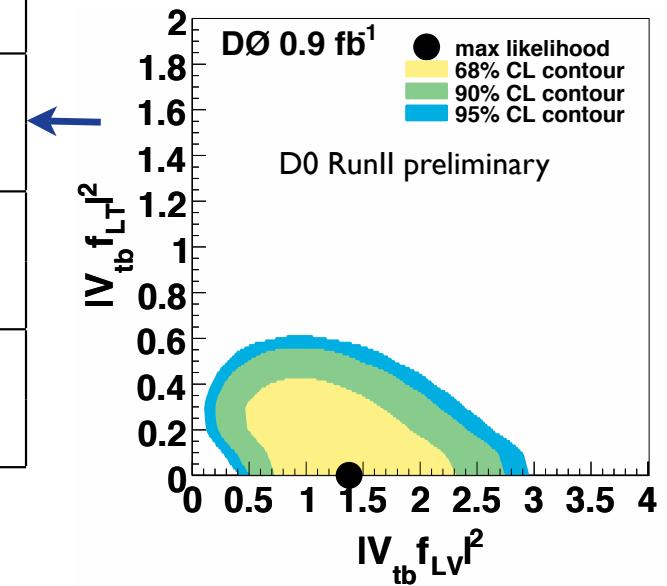
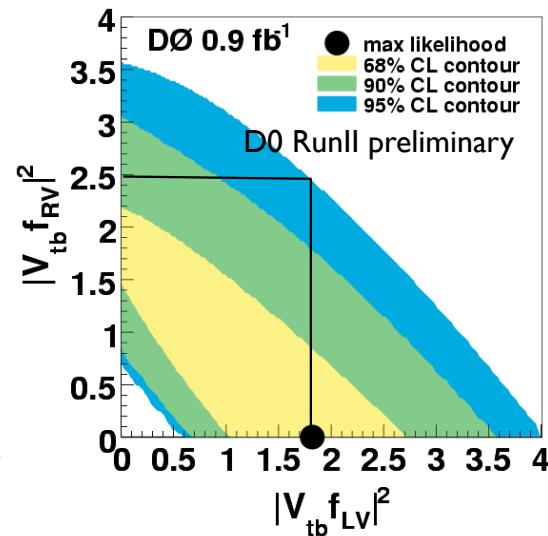
$$|V_{tb} f_{LV}|^2 = 1.4^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$$

- ◆ if it doesn't have a local maximum, a 95% C.L. limit is set

$$|V_{tb} f_{RT}|^2 < 0.3 \text{ at 95\% C.L.}$$

Wtb : results

scenario	coupling
(f_{LV}, f_{LT})	$ V_{tb} f_{LV} ^2 = 1.4^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$ $ V_{tb} f_{LT} ^2 < 0.5$ at 95% C.L.
(f_{LV}, f_{RV})	$ V_{tb} f_{LV} ^2 = 1.8^{+1.0}_{-1.3}$ $ V_{tb} f_{RV} ^2 < 2.5$ at 95% C.L.
(f_{LV}, f_{RT})	$ V_{tb} f_{LV} ^2 = 1.4^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$ $ V_{tb} f_{RT} ^2 < 0.3$ at 95% C.L.



Summary

- 0.9 fb^{-1} dataset, evidence of single top electroweak production
 $\sigma(\bar{p} p \rightarrow tb + X, tbq + X) = 4.7 \pm 1.3 \text{ pb}$
- large potential for searches BSM
 - limits on W' mass

$m(W'_L) > 731 \text{ GeV}$
$m(W'_R) > 739 \text{ GeV}$ if $m(W'_R) > m(\nu_R)$
$m(W'_R) > 768 \text{ GeV}$ if $m(W'_R) < m(\nu_R)$

at 95 % C.L.

- limits on anomalous Wtb couplings

scenario	coupling at 95% C.L.
(f_{L_V}, f_{L_T})	$ V_{tb} f_{L_T} ^2 < 0.5$
(f_{L_V}, f_{L_T})	$ V_{tb} f_{R_V} ^2 < 2.5$
(f_{L_V}, f_{L_T})	$ V_{tb} f_{R_T} ^2 < 0.3$

- search for charged Higgs see Y.Peters [Pl][143]

- the Tevatron is performing well : more than 3.5 fb^{-1} recorded by experiment

The search for New Physics is not over

